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China National Tourism Administration www.travelchina.gov.cn

Recommended Tourist Itineraries

- Trip to Wuyuan**
Route: Wuyuan
Sight: Wuyuan boasts the most beautiful countryside in China. There are three major routes through the county: the Eastern route from Likeng to Wangkou, Jiangwan, Xiaogao, Qingyuan and Jiangling, the Northern route from Sixiyan Village to Caohang Bridge, Likeng, Ling'an Cave and Wolong Valley in Daohang Mountain, and the Western route from the county seat to Wengying Mountain, Gucheng, the Jishan Tea Garden, and the Yuyang Lake.
- Trip to Historic Sites**
Route: Nanchang - Jingdezhen
Sight: Pavilion of Prince Teng, Qingyunpu, and Shengjin Tower are all in Nanchang, while Fulang Ancient Town, Yao Ancient Village, and so on, can be found in Jingdezhen.
- Trip to Mountains and Rivers**
Route: Jiujiang - Shangrao - Yingtian
Sight: This route takes visitors to the famous mountains in the north of Jiangxi Province. The route includes Mount Lu, known for its wonder and beauty, Mount Longhu, the most important mountain for Taoism in China, and the "unmatched happiness place" Mount Sanqing. Picturesque scenery can be seen along the route.

Jiangxi Overview

Jiangxi, "Gan" for short, takes its name from the local Ganjiang River. Jiangxi has rich products and has attracted talented people since ancient times, known for its splendid resources, heavenly treasures, and outstanding people.

Jiangxi is located on the southern bank of the middle and lower reaches of the Yangtze River. While the northern region is relatively flat, the eastern, western and southern regions are all surrounded by mountains, and there are rolling hills in the central regions.

Jiangxi Province has four distinctive seasons with abundant sunlight and rain. It is gloomy, cold and rainy in spring, hot and rainy in summer with occasional typhoons, sunny and warm in autumn, and cool and humid in winter.

There are many cultural relics and historical sites as well as scenic spots in Jiangxi Province. Many scenic spots such as Mount Lu, Pavilion of Prince Teng, Mount Sanqing, Wuyuan, Mount Longhu, and Jinggang Mountains are famous at home and abroad. The Poyang Lake, which is China's largest freshwater lake, the Zhejin Lake which has a picturesque scene, the Fairy Lake, and so on are also located in the province.

Website: www.jxta.gov.cn

Area & Population
166,900 square kilometers.
By the end of 2012, the permanent population was 45.0393 million.

Administrative Divisions
Jiangxi Province comprises 11 prefecture-level cities, including Nanchang, Shangrao, Jiujiang, Pingxiang, Xinyu, Yingtian, Ganzhou, Yichun, Jingdezhen, Ji'an, and Fuzhou.

Red Tourism

Nanchang August 1st Nanchang Uprising Memorial Hall
The August 1st Nanchang Uprising Memorial Hall in Nanchang was originally a command center for the Nanchang Uprising in July 1927. The conference hall, Zhou Enlai's office and rest room, Lin Boqu's office and bedroom, the office for the Military Staff Committee, and other important places are available for a visit.

Ruijin Ruijin Revolutionary Sites
Ruijin was the capital of the interim government of the Chinese Soviet Republic.

There are many locations important in revolutionary history throughout the county, including Yeping Village, the Shazhou Ba, Yunshi Mountain, and others.

Ganzhou Xinguo County
Xinguo County was a famous model county, the county of the Red Army, the martyrs' county in an area under the administration of the Chinese Soviet Republic, and the county of generals that enjoyed fame in China. Mao Zedong, Zhu De, Zhou Enlai, Chen Yi and other leaders once worked and fought here.

Transportation

- By Air**
Jiangxi's civil aviation network is centered in Nanchang. From north to south, via the stations of Jiujiang, Zhangshu, Taihe, Ji'an, Jingdezhen, and Ganzhou, the network connects the whole province and all regions (including Hong Kong) across the country. In addition to Nanchang Airport, Jiangxi Province has three civil aviation airports respectively in Jiujiang, Ganzhou, and Jingdezhen.
- By Train**
There are five main railways in Jiangxi Province, the Beijing-Kowloon Railway, the Zhejiang-Jiangxi Railway, the Anhui-Jiangxi Railway, the Yingtian-Xiamen Railway, the Wuhan-Jiujiang Railway, as well as minor lines including the Hengfeng-Nanping Railway, the Xiangtang-Jiangbiancun Railway, the Fenyi-Wenyi Railway, the Yizhang Railway, the Zhangtang Railway, the Zhangjian Railway, and the Xintai Railway.
- By Road**
Jiangxi Province has an extensive network of highways. Highways from the capital city Nanchang, to Jiujiang in the north, and from Nanchang to Zhangshu in the south have been constructed and are open to traffic. Liwen Highway has been opened to traffic. The national highway 320 leads to

Mount Lu

Mount Lu, also called Kuanglu, is famous for its magnificence, peculiarity, precipitousness and elegance. The main scenic spots are Gu Ridge, Sandie Spring, Wulao Peak, Lulin Lake, and the Bailu Academy of Classical Learning.

Website: www.china-lushan.com

Villa Meilu
Meilu was once the official mansion of Chiang Kai-shek, and was the residence of the then First Lady Soong Mei-ling. The main building of Meilu has two floors. On the first floor is a reception room that combines Chinese and Western elements and a beautifully decorated bedroom. On the second floor is the office, the reception room and the bedroom of Chiang Kai-shek.

Sandie Spring
Sandie Spring is known as the "Mount Lu's Greatest Wonder". Looking up at Sandie Spring, you will see spring water sparkling like bright pearls. Reflecting the sunlight, the water is colorful and magnificent. Overlooking Sandie Spring, one can see water glimmering also like pearls and jades, falling into the deep valley.

Wulao Peak
Wulao Peaks are a beautiful scene that is the most magnificent, peculiar and precipitous along Mount Lu. Wulao (literally, five old men) Peaks consist of five parallel peaks that resemble five old men when seen from below. The mountains are in unique and peculiar shapes.

Landscape

Yichun Mingyue Mountain
Mingyue Mountain is towering and spectacular with various rock formations. It is famous for its peaks, waterfalls, caves and rocks. On the mountain, there are multiple hills, rocks, springs, waterfalls, mountain flowers, and pine trees.

Pingxiang Wugong Mountain
Wugong Mountain has natural scenery with distinct characteristics, high mountains, dense woods and many streams, as well as numerous religious relics. Wugong Mountain has three notable sites: the waterfall cluster, the alpine meadow and the ancient sacrificial altar clusters at Jinding.

Website: www.wugongshan.cn

Poyang Lake
The Poyang Lake is China's largest fresh water lake, and second largest lake. With beautiful scenery, it is home to many precious birds of the Southern regions of the Yangtze River, and boasts the water and grass. On the east shore of the lake is a national wetland park. Wucheng Town on the west shore of the Lake is the best place for watching birds.

Xinyu Fairy Lake
According to legend, the Fairy Lake is the place where a fairy descended to the world. The scene here is beautiful, graceful and fantastic. It is famous for its Love Holy Land, Islands and Canyons, an ancient underwater city, and a plant treasury.

Le'an Liukeng Ancient Village
Liukeng Village, known as the "Number One Village with a thousand-year history", is a village belonging to the Dong clan. Traces of feudal clan activities can be seen everywhere in the village, especially in the rare ancestral halls all over its area.

Accommodations & Travel Services

Accommodations

Name	Star-rate	Addr	Tel
Gloria Grand Hotel, Nanchang	5	No.39 Yanjiang W. Ave., Nanchang	791-86738855
Jinfeng Hotel	5	No.281 Zhanjiang W. Rd., Nanchang	791-88867777
Jiangxi Hotel	5	No.368 Bayi Ave., Nanchang	791-86206088
S&K International Hotel, Jiujiang	5	No.116 Nanyin Rd., Jiujiang	792-88888888
Xinghe Hotel, Jiujiang	4	No.45 Binjiang E. Rd., Jiujiang	792-85322222
Wuyuan Hotel	4	No.24 Raichang Rd., Wuyuan	793-72888888
Jingzhou Hotel	4	No.24 Zhanjiang Rd., Jingzhou	798-85188888
Yingtian Dong Fang Hotel	3	No.36 Zhanjiang Rd., Yingtian	701-68620088
Shangrao International Hotel	3	No.8 Xuri Ave., Shangrao	793-84599999
Sunday Hotel Jinggangshan	4	No.3 Hongjian S. Rd., Jinggangshan	796-6559700

Travel Services

Name	Addr	Tel
Jiangxi China International Travel Service	No.210 Beijing W. Rd., Nanchang	791-86388833
Jiangxi China Travel Service	No.48 Zigu Rd., Nanchang	791-86201407
Shangrao International Travel Service	No.18 Jinkongang, Shangrao	793-82080899
Jiujiang China International Travel Service	No.185 Binjiang Rd., Jiujiang	792-8101938
Jingdezhen China International Travel Service	No.1 Zhanhan W. Rd., Jingdezhen	798-8515888

Mount Longhu

Mount Longhu is called "Number One Mountain of Taoism in China" by the Zhengyi School of Taoism. Mount Longhu is a Danxia landform. With many peaks, the mountain is elegant and varied. Its clusters of cliff-tomb have been an unsolved mystery for thousands of years.

Website: www.longhushan.com.cn

Cliff Tomb
The cliff tombs on Mount Longhu are where the ancient Yue people were buried, with a history of over 2,600 years. They are the first cliff tombs in China, with the longest history, the largest quantity and the greatest scale.

Tianshi Mansion
Tianshi Mansion was the residence of the Taoist master Zhang Sheng and his descendants, and a place for offering sacrifices to the gods. The architectural layout presents the shape of Eight Diagrams, with a style that is fit for the palace of a prince.

Zhengyi Taoist Temple
The Zhengyi Temple is a Taoist Temple on Mount Longhu. The current Zhengyi Temple was re-built on the original site according to the architectural style of the Song Dynasty. The architecture has grey tiles and white walls, with a simple and elegant style.

Historical Sites in Jiangxi Province

Shengjin Tower
Shengjin Tower is a pavilion of a brick-wood structure, which is typical in the regions south of the Yangtze River. There are flying cornices and copper bells of different musical notes hanging on each of the seven floors. Swinging in the wind, the copper bells make a melodious sound.

Qingyunpu
Qingyunpu is the former residence of the Mountain Man of the Eight Gates, a pseudonym of Zhu Da, a famous painter in the Ming Dynasty. He was an old adherent of the Ming Dynasty, and a well-known painter in the late Ming and Qing dynasties. Qingyunpu exhibits the paintings and calligraphy of Zhu Da, making it an excellent place to appreciate Chinese art.

Pavilion of Prince Teng
Pavilion of Prince Teng, Yellow Crane Tower and Yuexiang Tower are called the "three famous towers" in the south regions of the Yangtze River. The Pavilion of Prince Teng was built in the Tang Dynasty and gained fame for its mention in the *Teng Wang Ge Xu* by Wang Bo, a Tang Dynasty writer.

Website: www.cnctgw.com

Dining and Shopping

Dining
Famous Jiangxi cuisine includes stewed chicken with oil, rice wine and soy sauce, delicious quality meat, dry fried pork with bamboo shoots, fried bacon with Artemisia selengensis, fried eggs with stonefish, Xingguo beef curd, steamed beef with rice flour, radish and fong, and so on. The delicacies of Mount Lu, Mount Longhu and Jinggang Mountains are also unique.

Shopping
Among special local products, Jingdezhen porcelain and tea are the most famous. Yumwu Tea, Shuangjing Green Tea, Meifeng Yunhao Tea, Guishan Maojian Tea, and Baofeng Yunwu Tea are the most famous.

Jingdezhen porcelain: Jingdezhen porcelain has elegant shapes, many varieties, and rich decorations. The four famous traditional porcelains are made of blue flower glaze, Lilingo glaze, Fencai glaze, and color glaze. This porcelain is an important Chinese treasure.

fried eggs with stonefish, crisp stonefish rolls, Ruiyi stone fungus, and so on.

Mount Sanqingshan

Mount Sanqing has been a place for Taoist cultivation through ages. The mountain body is composed of granitic, while the natural scenes are famous for peculiar peaks, secluded valleys, fresh springs and ancient pine trees.

Website: zqsgs.szcz.com

Yujing Peak
The Yujing Peak Scenic Area has three towering peaks: Yujing Peak, Yuxu Peak and Yuhua Peak. Standing on Yujing Peak and looking down at the innumerable mountains and valleys, visitors can feel the magnificence of Mount Sanqing.

Nanqing Park
In Nanqing Garden, there are peculiar peaks and fantastic rocks, magnificent mountains, spectacular seas of cloud, and rare flowers and woods. There are three landmarks in Mount Sanqing: the python coming out of the mountain rock formation, the Oriental Goddess and the Goddess of Mercy appreciating songs.

West Coast
The West Coast has four wonders: the fly-over plank road, the sea of clouds, the great canyon, and the old trees and famous wood. The fly-over plank road is located at an elevation of over 1,660 meters, with a steep precipice on one side and a deep canyon on the other.

Nanchang

Nanchang is close to the Poyang Lake, the largest freshwater lake in China. It is both a historically and culturally famous city in China and a city of revolutionary heroes, with cultural heritages and many historical sites.

Website: www.ncctour.com.cn

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Website: www.ncctgw.com

Wuyuan

Wuyuan is one of the birthplaces of Huizhou culture, known as the "town of books" and the "town of tea". It enjoys a reputation of "China's most beautiful village" and "a green pearl at the junction of Jiangxi, Zhejiang and Anhui provinces".

Website: www.wylyw.cn

Jiangling
Jiangling is close to Xiaogao in the south and connects to Xiyou in the east, and looks like a ship in Qingyuan Village within a valley surrounded by terraced fields. The ship backs on to a mountain and faces the water. The thousand-year-old ginkgo at the center of the village makes up the mast of the ship, and the narrow mountain passes make up its bow and aft.

Likeng
Likeng Village is built in a valley surrounded by mountains. Folk houses settle into the mountain and face the water with well-arranged courtyards. A stream passes through each household. The roads in the village are paved with bluestone plates and arranged in a crisscross pattern and a stream winds through the village, offering an attractive scene.

Jiangwan
Jiangwan is located in a valley surrounded by three mountains. The curved Liyuan River flows through the valley from east to west. Beautiful mountains and water encircle this place. The style of the Ming and Qing dynasties is retained here.

Jinggang Mountains

Jinggang Mountains are a new type of tourist attraction that integrates education on revolutionary tradition with a scenic resort. They are characterized by magnificence, precipitousness, elegance, tranquility and peculiarity. The main scenic spots include Ciping Town, Bijia Mountain, Huangyangjie, and so on.

Website: www.jgstour.com

Ciping
Ciping Town is a beautiful park-style town located in the mountains, and is the center of the revolution over the Jinggang Mountains. Many revolutionary sites are located here, including a revolutionary museum, a martyrs monument, and other related structures.

Bijia Mountains
The ridges and peaks on Bijia Mountains are arranged like pens in a rack, magnificent, beautiful, peculiar and

Jingdezhen

Jingdezhen is the most outstanding representative of China's porcelain cities. The period of the reigns of the Emperors Kangxi, Yongzheng and Qianlong during the Qing Dynasty marked a golden age for Jingdezhen porcelain production. Jingdezhen is known as the "World's Porcelain City".

Website: www.jdzta.gov.cn

Fulang Ancient City
Fulang Ancient City has existed throughout the Tang, Song, Yuan, Ming and Qing dynasties. Ancient country government offices and a pagoda named the Red Pagoda from each other, connected by an ancient courier route paved with bluestone plates. Attractions at the Upper Xiaogao include the former residences of imperial scholars, and official, Sixun Hall, and so on.

Ceramic Culture and History Expo Area
The Ceramic Culture and History Expo Area consists of the ancient kiln exhibition and the ceramic folk custom exposition.

Wuyuan

Xiaogao
Xiaogao Village is divided into upper and lower parts. The two are 1,000 meters away from each other, connected by an ancient courier route paved with bluestone plates. Attractions at the Upper Xiaogao include the former residences of imperial scholars, and official, Sixun Hall, and so on.

Huangling
Mountains and water embrace the flat terrain of the Yan Village. The ancient folk houses in the village are clustered in a "H" shape. These folk houses are mostly built with white walls and grey tiles, as well as cornices. The village contains ancient buildings such as Tongjiokou, Huayixuan, Sanchixiang, Zhenyuan Hall, a treasury, and so on.

Yan Village